

1. Description

1 Standard Ochratoxin is an ELISA test for the detection of Ochratoxin in grains, spices, cereals and animal feed.

2. General Information

Ochratoxins are a group of mycotoxins produced by some Aspergillus species (mainly *A. ochraceus*, but also by 33% of *A. niger* industrial strains) and some Penicillium species, especially *P. verrucosum* and *P. carbonarius*. Ochratoxin A (OTA) is the most prevalent and relevant fungal toxin of this group, while ochratoxins B and C are of lesser importance. OTA is a potent nephrotoxin and causes both acute and chronic effects in the kidneys of all mammalian species tested. It is also genotoxic (damages DNA) and teratogenic (damages the fetus) and is considered a probable carcinogen, causing renal carcinoma and other cancers in a number of animal species. Most controlling government agencies worldwide have regulations regarding the amount of aflatoxins allowable in human and animal foodstuffs. Accurate and rapid determination of the presence of OTA in commodities is of paramount importance.

3. Principle of the Method

The quantitative test is based on the enzyme linked immunosorbent assay principles. The wells of the microtiter strips are coated with OTA specific antibodies. Toxins are extracted from a ground sample with 70% methanol. OTA zero standard or samples and OTA-HRP conjugate (detection solution) are added into the coated wells. OTA-HRP conjugate binds to the binding sites of coated antibodies that are not already occupied by OTA zero standard or samples. Any unbound OTA-HRP conjugate of detection solution is removed in a washing step. A chromogen substrate is added to the wells resulting in the progressive development of a blue colored complex with the detection antibody. The color development is then stopped by the addition of acid turning the resultant final product yellow. The measurement is made photometrically at 450 nm and the intensity of the produced colored complex is indirectly proportional to the concentration of OTA present in the samples and standard.

4. Reagents Provided

1 Standard Ochratoxin ELISA kit contains sufficient reagents and materials for 48 measurements (including Zero standard test). Zero Standard (St1) is the only standard provided and the B/Bo values of St2-St5 (2 - 40 ppb) are reported in the Quality Assurance Certificate of each lot.

Reagents (Store at 2-8°C)	Quantity for 48 wells	State	Vial cap color
Single-Break Strip Plate	48 wells	Ready to use (precoated)	-
Dilution Microwells	48 wells	Ready to use (green color)	-
Zero Standard (St1) (0 ppm of OTA in organic solution)	1 glass vial (3ml)	Ready to use	Black
1 Standard Ochratoxin Detection Solution	1 plastic vial (6ml)	Ready to use	Green
Wash Buffer	1 plastic vial (50ml)	20X Concentrate (dilute in distilled water)	White
TMB Substrate	1 plastic vial (6ml)	Ready to use	Brown
Stop Solution	1 plastic vial (6ml)	Ready to use	White

5. Materials required but not provided

- A grinder sufficient to render sample to particle size of fine instant coffee
- Balance with 0 - 50 g measuring capability and Graduated cylinder - 100 mL
- Methanol (70 mL reagent grade per sample) and Distilled or deionized water
- Filter Paper Whatman #1 or equivalent, Filter Funnel and Miscellaneous laboratory plastic or glass tubes 50 - 125 mL
- Vortex mixer and Microtiter plate reader fitted with 450 nm filter
- 100, 200 and 1000 µL adjustable single channel micropipettes with disposable tips (a repetitive pipette of 100µL is acceptable for the steps of TMB and Stop Solution)
- 50 - 300 µL multi-channel micropipette with disposable tips and reservoirs

6. Storage Instructions

Store kit reagents between 2 and 8°C (35 - 46°F). Do not freeze any components provided. Reseal immediately the unused strips of the microtiter plate in the bag together with the desiccant bag provided and store at 2 - 8°C. After use remaining reagents should be returned to cold storage (2 - 8°C). Expiry of the kit and reagents is stated on the labels respectively and no quality guarantee is accepted after the expiration date. The expiry of the kit components can only be guaranteed if the components are stored properly as well as if the reagent is not contaminated by the first handling,

in case of repeated use of one component. Because of the colorless TMB Substrate and standards 1 -7 light sensitivity, avoid the exposure to direct light. Do not interchange individual reagents between kits of different lot numbers.

7. Safety and Precautions for use

- Avoid any skin contact with Stop Solution (8% H₃PO₄) and TMB (toxic). **Use gloves.** In case of contact, wash thoroughly with water.
- All reagents should be warmed in room temperature before use and covered when not in use. **Use a clean disposable plastic pipette tip for each reagent, in order to avoid cross contamination. When pipetting reagents, maintain a consistent order of addition from well-to-well. This will ensure equal incubation times for all wells.**
- Use a clean plastic container to prepare the wash buffer and all residual washing liquid must be drained from the wells by efficient aspiration or by decantation followed by tapping the plate forcefully on absorbent paper. Never insert absorbent paper into the well. Read the absorbance within 60 minutes after completion of the assay.

8. Indication of corruption of kit reagents

- The bluish coloration of the chromogen substrate before the ELISA test.
- A value of less than 0.7 absorbance units (ABS 450nm) for the Standard 1 (St1).

9. Sample and reagents preparation

9.1 Reagents preparation

- Prepare the Extraction Solution (70% Methanol) by adding 30ml of distilled or deionized water to 70ml of methanol (reagent grade) for each sample to be tested.
- Dilute the 20X solution concentrate 20 fold with distilled water to give a **1X** working solution.

Preparation of Wash Buffer 1X: In case of the occurrence of crystals in the Wash Buffer, the warming by gentle dismantling (using hands) is needed. Pour entire content of the solution concentrate (50ml) into a clean 1000ml graduated cylinder, rinse the vial with distilled or deionized water and pour the content again into the cylinder and fill to a final volume of 1000ml with distilled or deionized water. Mix gently to avoid foaming, transferring the final solution from cylinder to a clean bottle and back two times. The clean bottle with **1X Wash Buffer** working solution can be left out of the refrigerator during the method procedure and subsequent be stored 2 - 8°C for one month.

9.2 Samples preparation

9.2.1 Ground samples

- The sample must be collected according to established sampling techniques. Grind a representative sample to the particle size of fine instant coffee (50% passes through a 20 mesh screen).
- Weigh out a 20g ground portion of the sample and add 100mL of the Extraction Solvent (70% methanol) and mix in a blender for a minimum of 2 minutes. **The ratio of sample to extraction solvent is 1:5 (w/v).**
- Allow the particulate matter to settle, then filter 5 - 10mL of the extract through a Whatman #1 filter paper (or equivalent) and collect the filtrate. Use 100µl of each filtrate directly in the immunoassay.

NOTE 1: The extracted sample should have pH value of 6.2 - 7.5. If the pH is less than 6.2, it should be neutralized using NaOH.

NOTE 2: In case the user make an additional dilution 1:1 of filtrate with 70% methanol the range of quantification becomes 0 - 80ppb. So, use also 100µl of each diluted filtrate directly in the immunoassay and multiply the final OTA ppb result x 2.

9.2.2 Milk Samples

After centrifugation at 3000xg at 4°C for 10 min, remove the upper fat layer, dilute the defatted milk sample 5 times with 70% methanol (**1ml of milk + 4ml of 70% methanol**) and vortex. Use 100µl of each diluted milk sample directly in the immunoassay. The final OTA ppb result needs no additional calculation.

9.2.3 Oil Samples

- Prepare extraction solvent (70% methanol) by adding 30ml of distilled or deionized water to 70ml of methanol for each sample to be tested.
- Transfer 100ml of extraction solvent to a container and add 20ml of the sample. The ratio of sample to extraction solvent is 1:5 (v/v).
- Mix in a blender for a minimum of 10 minutes.
- Centrifuge a portion of the mixture at 3,000 g for 10 min and collect the upper layer (methanol).
- Use 100µl directly in the immunoassay.
- The final ochratoxin ppb result needs no additional calculation.

10. Method Procedure

10.1 Assay Design: Determine the number of microwell strips required to test the desired number of samples plus appropriate number of wells needed for zero standard. Considering that each sample and standard can be tested in single or in duplicate, create a layout.

NOTE: It is preferred to use no more than 32 wells (four strips) in each assay.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	St1											
B												
C												
D												
E												
F												
G												
H												

Example plate layout

10.2 Bring all reagents to room temperature (19 - 24°C) before use. Remove the **Zero Standard** (St1) and place the **appropriate number of dilution wells** into the holder of microwells for the Zero Standard and the samples to be worked. Place an equal number of Antibody Coated Microtiter Wells in another microwell holder. Immediately reseal the unused strips of the microtiter plate in the bag together with the desiccant bag provided. The samples should be stored in a cool place.

10.3 Add **100µl** of **1 Standard Ochratoxin Detection Solution** to each Dilution Well.

10.4 Using new pipette tip for each, add **100µl** of **Standard 1** and prepared sample (see Chapter 9) to appropriate Dilution Well containing the **1 Standard Ochratoxin Detection Solution**. Mix by priming pipetting at least 5 times.

10.5 Using a multichannel pipette, transfer **100µl** of contents from each Dilution Microwell to a corresponding Antibody Coated Microtiter Well. Incubate at room temperature for **5 minutes**.

10.6 Wash the plate as follows: Aspirate the liquid from each well into the sink and tap the holder of microwells upside down strongly (four times in a row) on an absorbent paper to insure the complete removal of liquid from the wells. Dispense **300µl** of **Wash Buffer 1X** (see 9.1) into each well with wash bottle or multichannel micropipette using the proper reagent reservoir and shaking the plate manually for a few seconds. Repeat this process for another two times (**total 3 times**). **CAUTION:** It is important to not allow microwells to dry between working steps.

10.7 Aspirate the liquid as described above and add **100µl** per well of **TMB Substrate** (pour 1ml per 8 wells in a reservoir). Shake the plate manually for a few seconds and incubate in the dark at room temperature for **3 minutes**.

10.8 Add **100µl** per well of the **Stop Solution** to each well (pour 1ml per 8 wells in a reservoir). Mix gently by shaking again the plate manually.

10.9 Measure the absorbance at 450nm. Read the absorbance value of each well (within 60 minutes after the step 10.8) on a spectrophotometer using 450 nm as the primary wavelength and optionally 620nm as the reference wave length (610nm to 650nm is acceptable).

1 STANDARD OCHRATOXIN

ELISA TEST | In vitro analysis

for the quantitative detection of Ochratoxin in grains, cereals, spices and animal feed

ProGnosis Biotech S.A. is ISO 9001:2015 certified by TÜV Hellas (TÜV NORD).

Use only the current version of Product Data Sheet enclosed with the kit.

1 Standard Ochratoxin, D4148, is an immunoassay method that determines the Ochratoxin, in grains, spices, cereals and other commodities including animal feed. The ELISA kit contains all reagents required for the immunoassay method. The ELISA test is adequate for 48 definitions (Zero standard (St1) is included). A spectrophotometer for microtiter ELISA plate is required.

Matrices:

Cereals: Barley, Bran Sticks, Brown rice, Corn, Corn flakes, Corn flour, Corn gluten, DDGS, Oat Bran, Oat Flakes, Oats, Pet food, Popcorn, Raw rye, Rice, Rye flour, Sesame, Silage, Sorghum, Soy beans, Soy flour, Wheat, Wheat bran, Wheat flour

Dried fruits: Dried figs, Raisins (LOQ=2.5ppb).

Spices: Curcuma, Pepper

Other: Chia seeds, Chickpeas (LOQ=2.5ppb), Green coffee, Milk, Roasted Chickpeas (LOQ=2.5ppb), Oil (Coconut oil, Corn oil, Kernel oil, Olive oil, Olive pomace oil, Palm oil, Peanut oil, Sesame oil, Soybean oil, Sunflower oil)

- **Sample preparation:** extraction
- **Test time** (incubation time after samples and reagents preparation): 8min
- **Standard curve range:** 0 - 40ppb
- **Shelf life:** 12 months
- **Storage:** 2-8°C



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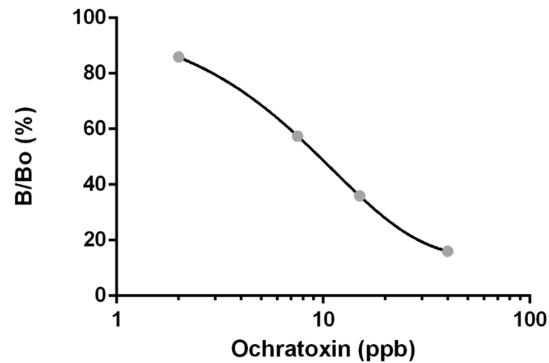
11. Data Analysis

Automatically

An assigned software, the **Prognosis-Data-Reader**, is available for free (contact: info@prognosis-biotech.com) download in order to evaluate the 1 Standard Ochratoxin ELISA kit. The evaluation is carried out by a simple transfer of data values after the measurement. B/Bo (%) values of the standards are reported in the Quality Assurance Certificate.

Alternatively, typing the lot number of the kit and the B/Bo (%) values can be automatically downloaded.

12. Example of Standard Curve (0 - 40ppb)



13. Immunoassay Specification

13.1 General Specification

- IC50 = 4.0 - 14.0 ppb

13.2 LOD - LOQ - Accuracy

- The LOD of the method is 1.5 ppb.
- The LOQ of the method is 2.0 ppb.
- The recovery of spiked extractions-matrices was 100.3% (CV = 8.1%).

13.3 Specificity

The cross-reaction of the anti-Ochratoxin antibody with Ochratoxin A and B is 100 and <0.1% respectively.

14. Performance Evaluation

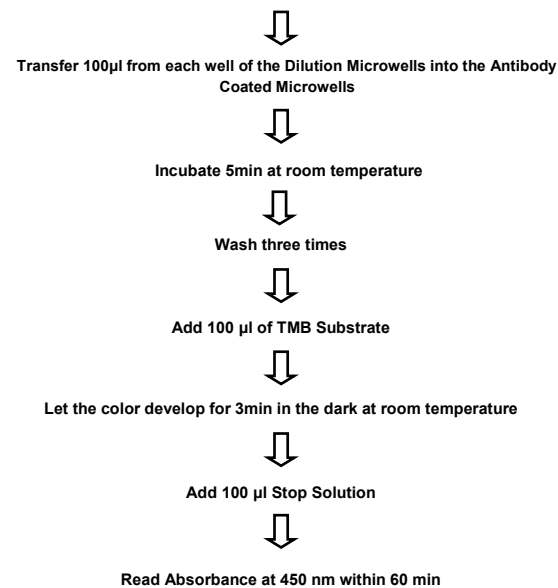
14.1 Reference Materials

Several reference materials are being used for the evaluation of each product of ProGnosis Biotech S.A. in the context of Quality Control performed by Quality Control Department. Please request a validation report, including the results, at info@prognosis-biotech.com.

15. Method Summary

Total procedure time (after samples and reagents preparation): 8min.

Mix 100µl of the Detection Solution with 100µl of Zero Standard and the samples in the Dilution Microwells



All immune assays supplied by ProGnosis Biotech S.A., are warranted to meet or exceed our published specification when used under normal conditions in your laboratory. If the product fails during the stated period, a replacement product will be issued.

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